

§ 31.3402(f)(6)-1

26 CFR Ch. I (4-1-02 Edition)

Form W-4 was filed by the named employee. The hardcopy of the electronic Form W-4 must provide exactly the same information as, but need not be a facsimile of, the paper Form W-4.

(3) *Effective date*—(i) *In general.* This paragraph applies to all withholding exemption certificates filed electronically by employees on or after January 2, 1997.

(ii) *Special rule for certain Forms W-4.* In the case of an electronic system that precludes the filing of Forms W-4 required on commencement of employment and Forms W-4 claiming more than 10 withholding exemptions or exemption from withholding, the requirements of paragraph (c)(2)(iii) of this section will be treated as satisfied if the Form W-4 is filed electronically before January 1, 1999.

[T.D. 7423, 41 FR 26217, June 25, 1976, as amended by T.D. 7915, 48 FR 44074, Sept. 27, 1983; T.D. 8706, 62 FR 24, Jan. 2, 1997]

§ 31.3402(f)(6)-1 Withholding exemptions for nonresident alien individuals.

A nonresident alien individual (other than, in regard to wages paid after February 28, 1979, a nonresident alien individual treated as a resident under section 6013(g) or (h)) subject to withholding under section 3402 is on any 1 day entitled under section 3402(f)(1) and § 31.3402(f)(1)-1 to the number of withholding exemptions corresponding to the number of personal exemptions to which he is entitled on such day by reason of the application of section 873(b)(3) or section 876, whichever applies. Thus, a nonresident alien individual who is not a resident of Canada or Mexico and who is not a resident of Puerto Rico during the entire taxable year, is allowed under section 3402(f)(1) only one withholding exemption.

[T.D. 6908, 31 FR 16776, Dec. 31, 1966, as amended by T.D. 7670, 45 FR 6932, Jan. 31, 1980]

§ 31.3402(g)-1 Supplemental wage payments.

(a) *In general.* (1) An employee's remuneration may consist of wages paid for a payroll period and supplemental wages, such as bonuses, commissions, and overtime pay, paid for the same or a different period, or without regard to

a particular period. When such supplemental wages are paid (whether or not at the same time as the regular wages) the amount of the tax required to be withheld under section 3402(a) (the percentage method) or under section 3402(c) (the wage bracket method) shall be determined in accordance with this paragraph or paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) The supplemental wages, if paid concurrently with wages for a payroll period, shall be aggregated with the wages paid for such payroll period. If not paid concurrently, the supplemental wages shall be aggregated with the wages paid or to be paid within the same calendar year for the last preceding payroll period or for the current payroll period. The amount of tax to be withheld shall be determined as if the aggregate of the supplemental wages and the regular wages constituted a single wage payment for the regular payroll period.

Example 1. A, a single person, is employed as a salesman at a monthly salary of \$130 plus commissions on sales made during the month. The number of withholding exemptions claimed is one. During May 1966 A earns \$300 in commissions, which together with the salary of \$130 is paid on June 10, 1966. Under the wage bracket method the amount of the tax required to be withheld is shown in the table applicable to a monthly payroll period with respect to an employee who is not married. Under this table it will be found that the amount of tax required to be withheld is \$58.40.

Example 2. B, a married person, is employed at a salary of \$3,600 per annum paid semimonthly on the 15th day and the last day of each month, plus a bonus and commission determined at the end of each 3-month period. The bonus and commission for the 3-month period ending on September 30, 1966, amount to \$250, which is paid on October 10, 1966. B has in effect a withholding exemption certificate on which he claimed four withholding exemptions and disclosed that he is married. Under the wage bracket method, the amount of tax required to be withheld on the aggregate of the bonus of \$250 and the last preceding semimonthly wage payment of \$150, or \$400, is shown in the table applicable to a married person with a semimonthly payroll period to be \$44.50. However, since tax in the amount of \$3.50 was withheld on the semimonthly wage payment of \$150, the amount to be withheld on October 10, 1966, is \$41.00.